

#### **Agroterrorism & Bioterrorism**





# Agroterrorism & Bioterrorism Prevention & Response

Prepared by

Amanda Hodges, PhD Southern Plant Diagnostic Network, University of Florida Funded by Cooperative State Research, Extension and Education Service (CSREES), USDA Rick Sapp, PhD Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Florida SART Technical Writer



#### **Acknowledgements**

- US Dept. of Health & Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- American Veterinary Medical Association
- US Dept. of Interior, US Geological Survey
- University of Florida, Institute of Food & Agricultural Sciences
- University of California, Agriculture & Natural Resources; Mississippi State University Extension Service; University of Texas, Dr. Philip Varghese, Fluid Mechanics
- Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission
- Susan Halbert, PhD; Gail Wisler, PhD; Gerald Holmes, PhD, North Carolina State University; Jim Stack, PhD, Kansas State University; R. Winstead, Adolph Northern, Lee Island Coast CVB, University of North Dakota, Long Lake Fishing Club; Theadore Wells, Stanton, Texas



## **Learning Objectives**

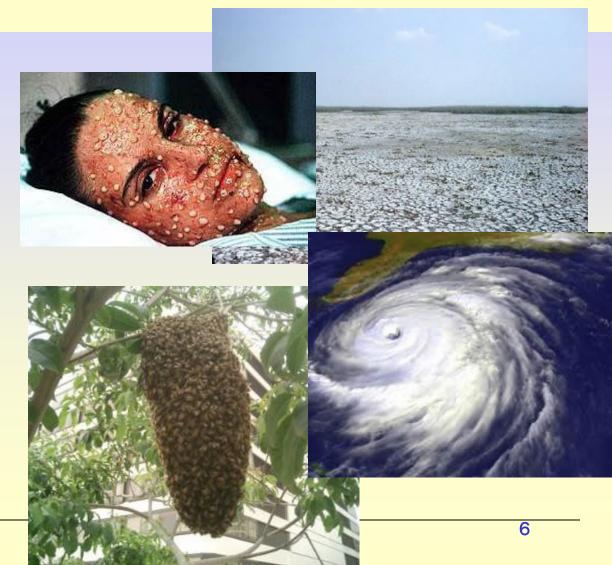
- 1. Explain agroterrorism and bioterrorism
- 2. Identify examples of agroterrorism and bioterrorism from history
- 3. Explain how Florida may be vulnerable agriculturally, geographically and climatologically
- 4. Identify likely agricultural threats should Florida specifically become a terror target
- 5. Discuss the NPDN, National Plant Diagnostic Network
- 6. Explain how Florida citizens and government can mobilize to prevent a terrorist act and how they may mount a coordinated response





#### **Florida SART**

- Multi-agency coordination
  - Governmental and private
  - All-hazard preparation, response and recovery
  - Animal and agricultural



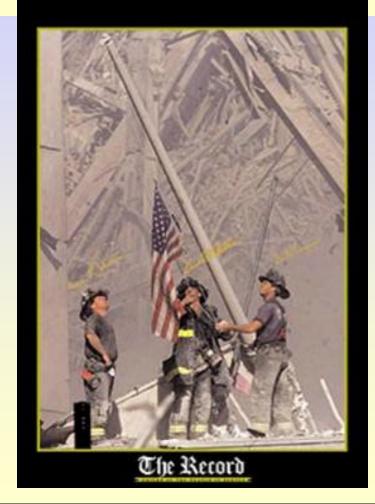




#### What's the rush?

#### The aftermath of 9/11

- Department of Homeland Security (DHS) was officially formed in November 2002
- Americans realize that oceans and distance are no longer our protection from the wider world as terrorist cells are discovered in the US, Canada and around the world
- Begin to evaluate possibilities of attack, develop a "threat matrix" which includes bioterrorism and agroterrorism







#### **Wake-Up Calls**



9/11 – Foreign: 19 foreign nationals associated with al-Qaeda hijack and crash four airliners in the U.S. Almost 3,000 people die in the attacks and the effects appear to be permanent.

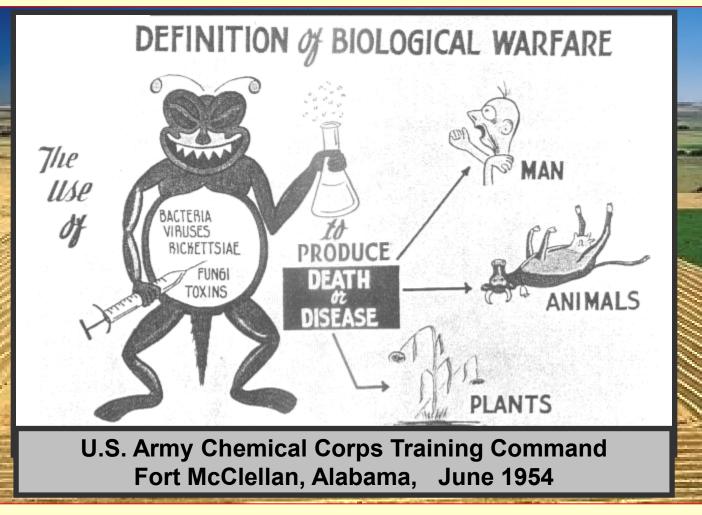


4/95 - Domestic: Security Camera shows Timothy McVeigh's rented Ryder truck arriving at the Alfred Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.
168 confirmed deaths in the explosion of agricultural fertilizer and motor oil.
McVeigh calls it "retaliation" not terror.





#### **The Threat is Real**







#### Intentional ... or not



# An Agroterrorism Event Estimated Costs (Intentional or not)

- \$1.8 billion for slaughter of animals
- \$1.0 billion to disinfect farms
- \$658 million for livestock disposal
- \$78 million for business recovery
- \$21 million for marketing support
- \$4 billion loss for agriculture industry
- A 20% loss to the state's \$107 billion tourism industry







## What is "agroterrorism?"

When any person knowingly or maliciously uses biological or chemical agents as weapons against the agriculture industry and food supply or the malicious use of plant or animal pathogens to cause Imports disease in the agricultural sector

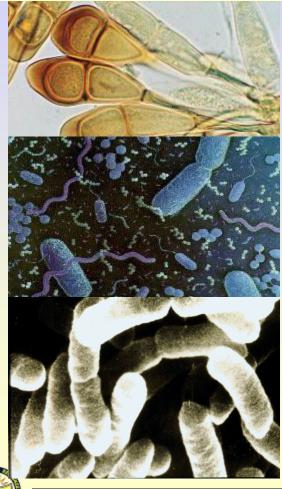
plants or animals.



travelers



#### **Little Things ... Big Problems**



A fungus causes soybean rust.

A bacteria causes citrus greening.

A virus causes tomato spotted wilt.



## **Possible Delivery Source**

- Point Source Delivery
  - Letter or Package
  - Sprayer
- Vectors
  - United States experiments with Yellow Fever spread by infected mosquitoes
  - Japanese use plague infected fleas in China
- Upwind Line Delivery
  - Highly modified crop duster or rooftop dispersion
  - Issues of inversion and dilution
- Human Carrier
  - "Person-to-person" Suicidal Delivery
  - Only certain agents are transmissible (Pneumonic Plague, Smallpox)





#### **The Agroterrorist's Objective**

- Attack our food
   supply and create
   shortages
- Cause us to
  fear, to lose faith
  and confidence
  An indirect form
  of attack and
  aggression







#### **The Agroterrorist's Objective**



may be something very symbolic of Florida





#### **Agroterrorism** (In reverse and with unintended consequences)



1812: French Emperor Napoleon Bonaparte invades Russia with 610,000 troops. They are defeated by weather and Russians "scorched earth" policy: 600,000 die. (Painting by Adolph Northern, 19<sup>th</sup> century.)



1961-71: The United States uses herbicides such as "agent orange" in Viet Nam. The purpose is to serve as a defoliant and destroy enemy crops. Unfortunately, side effects are a dramatic increase in soft-tissue cancers.





#### Florida's Agroterrorism Experience

Florida has had no known intentional case of agroterrorism to date. The potential is huge, however. Most cases of invasive, destructive plants, animals and insects have either been accidental or "acts of God."







#### What is "bioterrorism?"

The deliberate release of viruses, bacteria, other germs or chemicals to cause illness or death in people, animals, or plants.





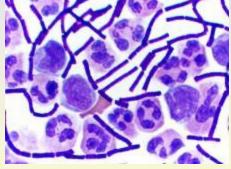






## **Bioterrorism**

- More than 1,000 microbiological libraries worldwide, naturally occurring disease and national bio-weapons programs, there are ample sources from which agents can be obtained
- Two weapons categories
  - Disease-causing organisms such as bacteria, viruses and prions



- Toxic substances produced by or from

living organisms such as bacterial toxins, fungi and molds, plant extracts and animal toxins





#### What's the difference?

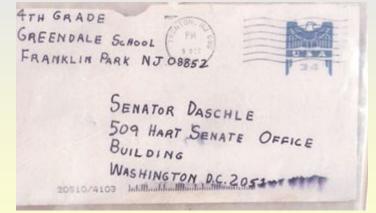
Although there is some overlap, the intent of agroterrorism is to attack and destroy the plant and animal infrastructure while the intent of bioterrorism is to threaten people directly with biological organisms.

#### Agroterrorism



Few known significant, successful historical examples, but plenty of opportunity.

#### Bioterrorism - September 2001



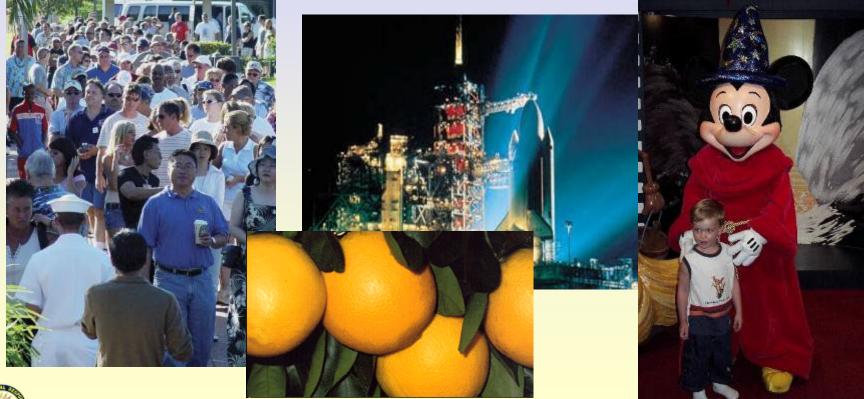
Letter to Senator Tom Daschle contained anthrax powder. It killed two postal workers.





## **Where Florida is Vulnerable**

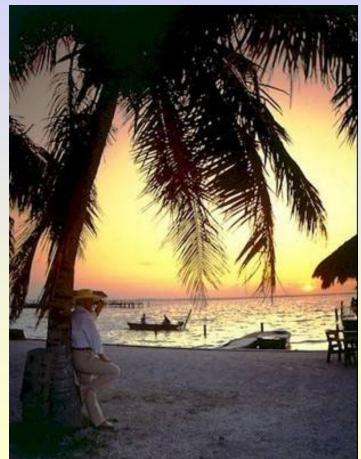
#### 17 million residents are crowded into the Florida peninsula and more than 75 million visit each year!







#### **Florida "Climate-Receptive"**



- Nickname is the Sunshine State for its average of 300 days of full sunshine per year
- One of every climate zone
   Tropical in Florida Keys
   Sub-tropical South Florida
   Temperate North Florida
- Thus receptive to almost any plant, animal, insect or disease from any location in the world





#### **Florida and The World**







## Florida – A "Sentinel State"

- Florida is a "Sentinel State"
  - A constant invasion of exotic species
    - Not native to the Florida or North American eco-system
    - Causes harm to or has potential to cause harm to the environment
  - Can be a native American species that has invaded a new area or crop or from Africa or Asia or even from another world!





#### **Florida's Exotic Plants**



Florida is home to thousands of exotic, non-native plants, animals and insects. The net effect is seriously detrimental to the state's environment.

*Melaleuca quinquenervia*: rapidly destroying Florida's Everglades.

The air potato (*Dioscorea bulbifera*) quickly engulfs native forests.





#### **Florida's Exotic Animals**



From South America, the giant toad is a voracious feeder, highly toxic and well-established.

The Rhesus monkey is considered established in Florida.





The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission now considers the Burmese Python to be established and its range is expanding in the state.





#### **Florida's Exotic Arthropods**



One of Florida's newest residents is the Africanized honeybee or "killer bee."

The Mexican Red-Rump Tarantula is now established near Fort Pierce.



State Agricultural Response Team

Not Established

**Established** 

Photo by Jack Clark, University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources



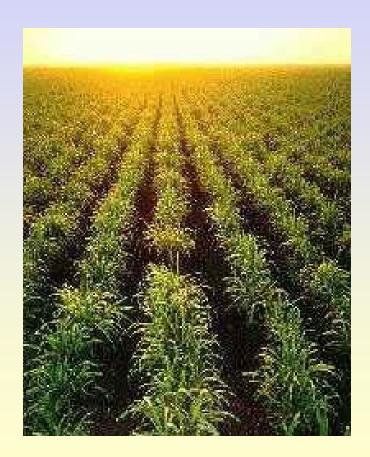
The Mediterranean fruit fly is potentially devastating to the Florida citrus industry.

## **How Florida is Vulnerable - Plants**

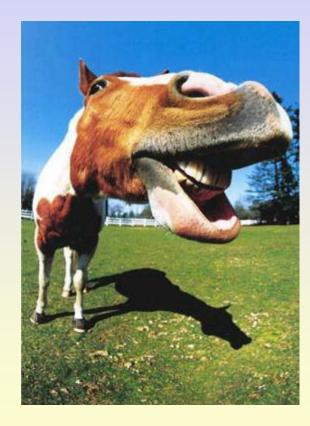
- 1.25 million residents earn livings in agriculture producing billions in market value crops
- A \$6.2 billion industry (direct and indirect impact: Second only to tourism: provides 75% of United States winter produce)
- Florida's top agricultural sectors:
  - Cane for sugar
  - Citrus
  - Dairy
  - Forest products
  - Greenhouse/nursery products
  - Tomatoes



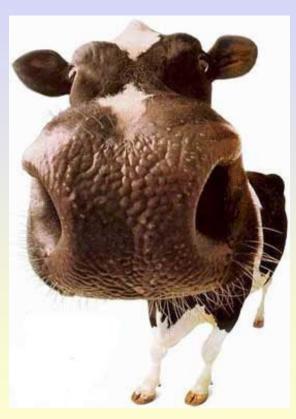




## **How Florida is Vulnerable - Animals**



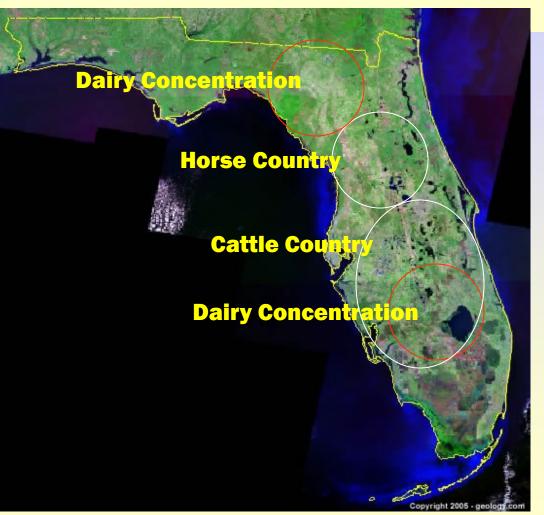
- 26 million poultry
- 1.5 million beef cattle
- 350,000 horses
- 140,000 dairy cattle
- 100,000 swine
- 30,000 goats
- 10,000 sheep
- Millions and millions of pets





#### **Farm and Ranch Concentrations**

Throughout the state, but concentrated in Horses: Marion County **Dairy:** Suwannee **River Valley and** Okeechobee Area Cattle: South **Central Area** 







#### **Be Prepared!**

Who is ultimately responsible for protecting you, your family, your community and your way of life?







#### **Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness**

- Mission: to ensure the safety and wholesomeness of food and other consumer products through inspection and testing programs
- Created in 2002, is responsible for protection of Florida citizens
- Coordinates response of Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services (FDACS)
- Coordinates with local, state and federal agencies; private and government laboratories; agriculture/food industries
  - Federal: USDA, FDA, CDC, FBI
  - State: FDOH, FDLE, FDEP, IFAS







#### **Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness**

- Since 9/11 has spent more than \$17 million to prepare for and prevent agroterrorism events
  - Laboratory construction, renovation and upgrades
  - Additional border protection for agricultural interdiction
  - More than 15 major training and coordination events
  - Development of SART, State Agricultural Response Team





#### **Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement**

- Within Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services (FDACS)
- Dedicated to protecting Florida's agriculture and its consumers through professional law enforcement



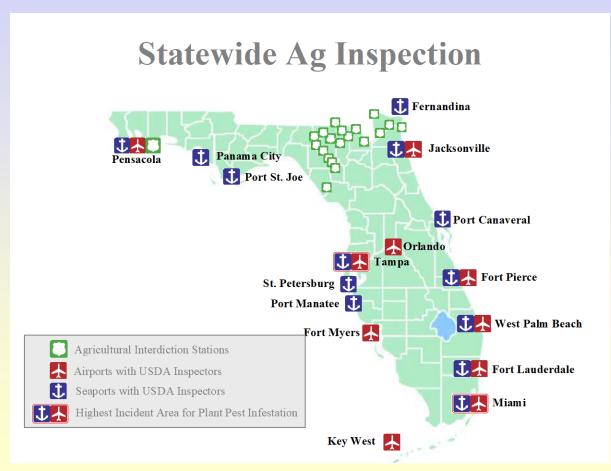
Helping protect against the spread of "citrus greening"

> Guarding against "mad cow" disease (*bovine spongiform encephalitis*)













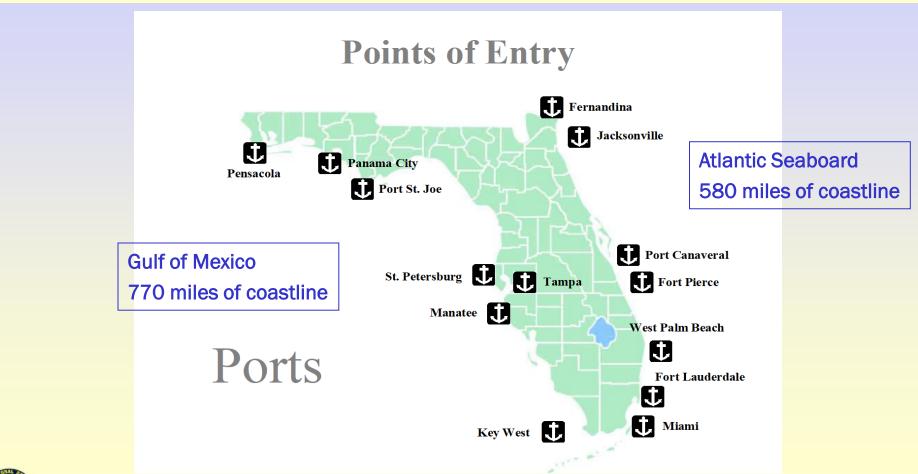
#### **Prevention and Response**







# **Where Florida is Vulnerable**





# **Where Florida is Vulnerable**







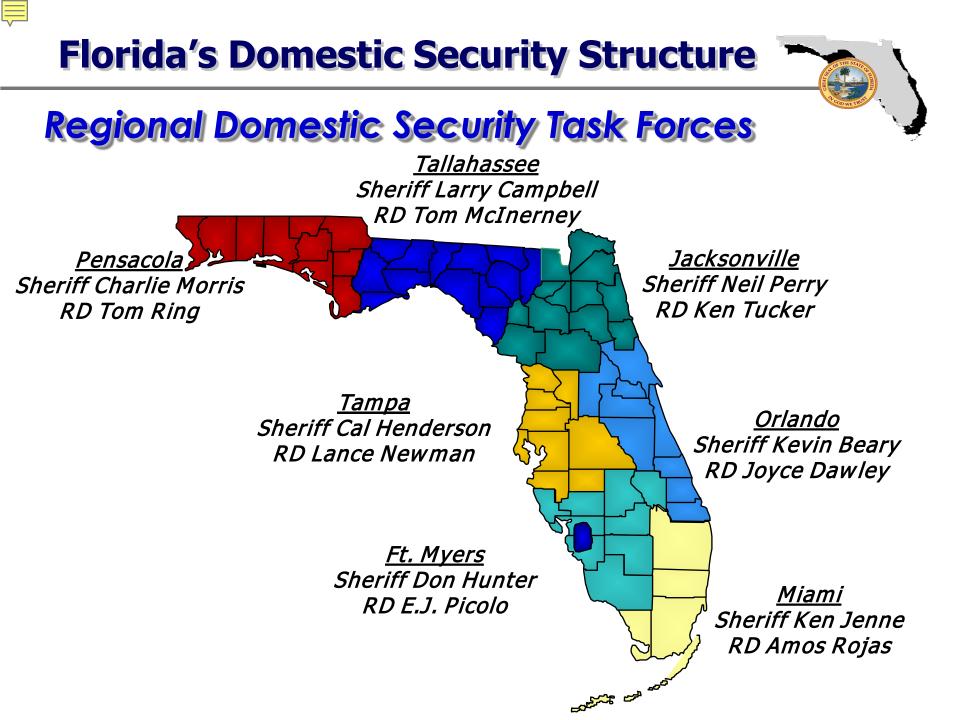
# **Domestic Security**

**Cornerstones of National and State Effort** 

- Prepare first responders
- Improve information, intelligence and technology capability
- Enhance public health capacity and bio-terrorism defenses
- Protect Florida's borders

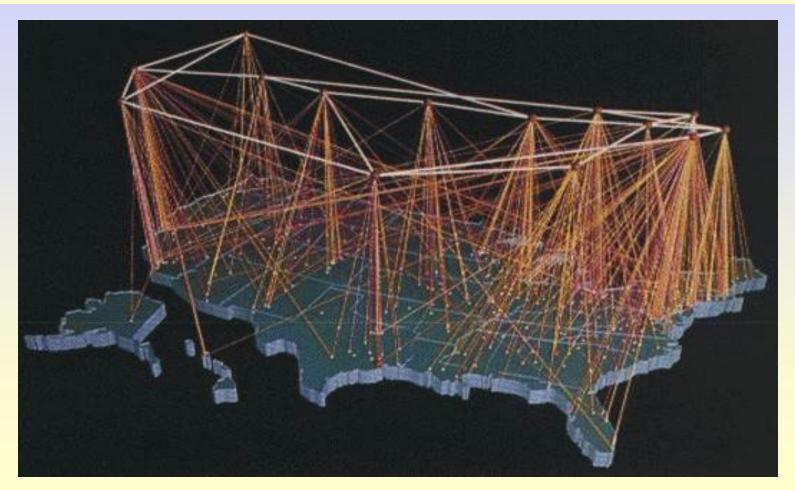








# NPDN: National Plant Diagnostic Network







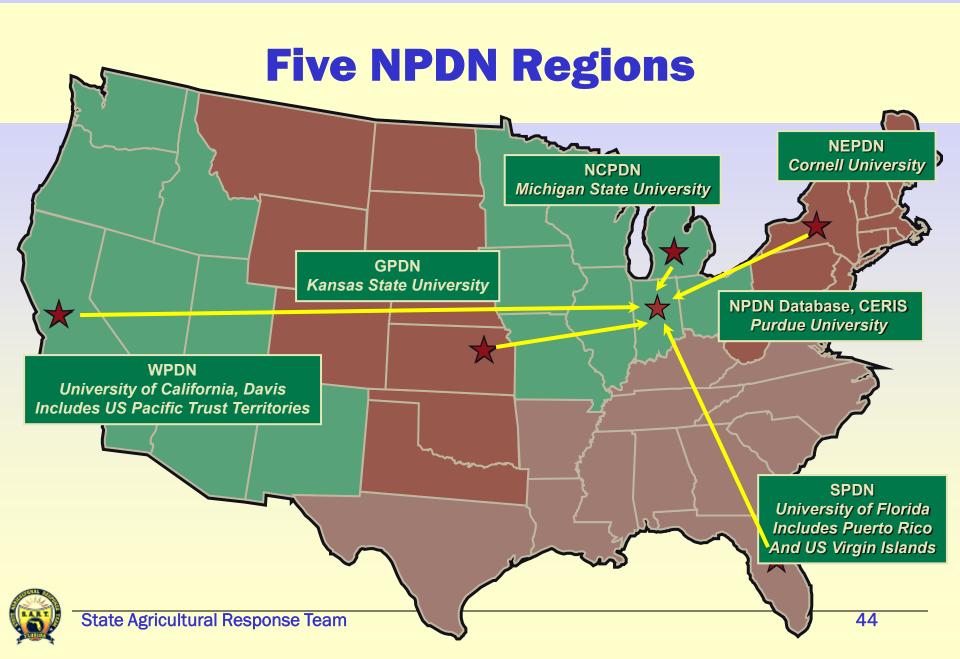
# **The NPDN Role**

- Enhanced security of America's agricultural sector from a biosecurity event or unintentional introduction.
- How is this accomplished?
  - Coordinated national diagnostic laboratories
  - Rapid communication and response system
  - Database analysis for event detection
  - Education and training of "first detectors"

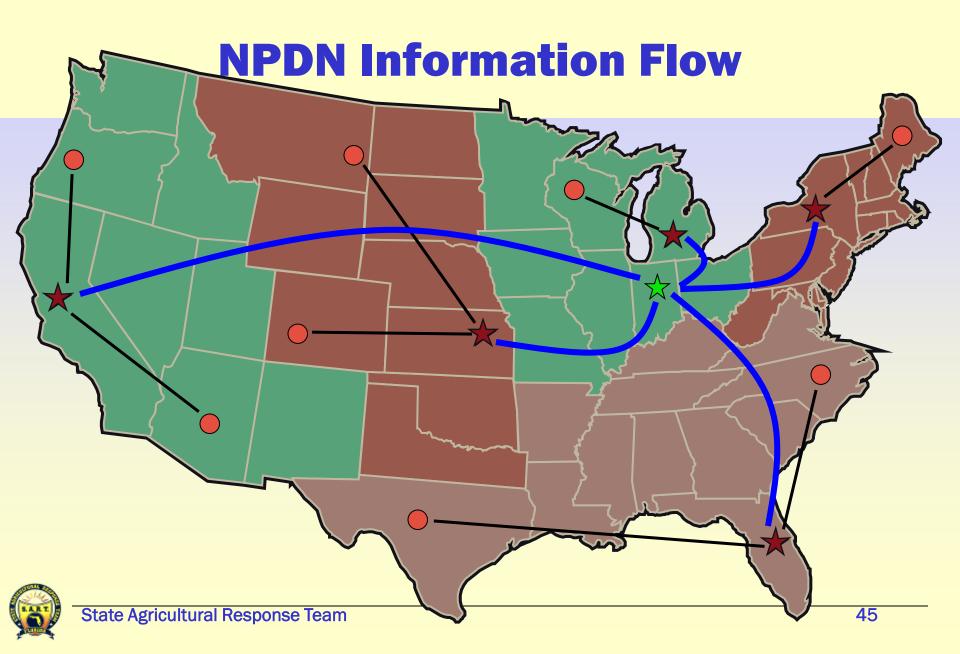














### What is a "First Detector?"

- What is a First Detector?
  - Anyone likely to encounter an act or suspected act of bio- or agroterrorism
    - Producer: farmer or rancher
    - Agricultural consultant
    - County Extension Agent or Forester
    - Agents of the State Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services
    - Florida Master Gardeners





# What does a "First Detector" do?

- Training, certificate of completion and national registry
- Surveillance
  - Be alert to the odd or different
  - Change in attitude from business as usual to potentially important
  - May be contacted if an incident in their area







#### **"First Detectors" – Natural Multi-Taskers**



#### **Key Resources**

- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) www.usda.gov
- Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS) www.doacs.state.fl.us
- FDACS-Division of Plant Industry www.doacs.state.fl.us/pi/
- FDACS Division of Animal Industry www.doacs.state.fl.us/ai/
- USDA, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, National Center for Import and Export www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ncie/
- Florida State Agricultural Response Team www.flsart.com
- Integrated Pest Management, IFAS Extension, University of Florida http://ipm.ufl.edu/
- Southern Region Center for Integrated Pest Management
   www.sripmc.org
- University of Florida, IFAS Extension Service http://solutionsforyourlife.ufl.edu/



#### **Key Resources**

- National Plant Diagnostic Network www.npdn.org
- Southern Plant Diagnostic Network http://spdn.ifas.ufl.edu/
- Florida Plant Diagnostic Network http://fpdn.ifas.ufl.edu/
- Extension Disaster Education Network
  - www.eden.lsu.edu
- Congressional Research Service, The Library of Congress "Agroterrorism: Threats and Preparedness" by Jim Monke, Analyst in Agricultural Policy, August, 13, 2004
  - www.fas.org/irp/crs/RS32521.pdf
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov



# Working Together To Protect Florida's Agriculture & Way of Life



# Now, Test Your Knowledge and Awareness (1 of 3)

- 1. (True or False) The United States has never participated in planning, developing or carrying out acts of agroterrorism or bioterrorism.
- 2. The essential difference between agroterrorism and bioterrorism is
- 3. (Yes or No) The accidental release into the fragile Florida ecosystem of a pet snake that one can no longer care for should be prosecuted as an act of bioterrorism.
- 4. Florida is called a "sentinel state" because \_
- 5. Which of the following Florida industries is considered *immune* to an attack by an agro-terrorist?
  - 1. Citrus industry (too wide-spread)
  - 2. Cattle and horse industries (animals are just impossibly difficult)
  - 3. Nursery industry (nope species confusion)
  - 4. Vegetables (would take an airplane and no one would do that ...)
  - 5. All are possible targets as well as timber and even pets!



# Pre/Post Test (2 of 3)

- 6. Ensuring the safety and wholesomeness of food and other consumer products through inspection and testing programs is the mission of which of the following Florida offices?
  - 1. Office of Safety and Wholesomeness of Food
  - 2. Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness
  - 3. Office of Other Consumer Nuisance Regulations
- 7. (Yes or No) The 24/7 toll free telephone number of Florida's Agriculture Law Enforcement office is **1-800-342-5869** and you should call it right away if you suspect any case of or issue with agro- or bio- terrorism. (Hint. The correct answer is "Yes." Please remember this number!)
- 8. (Circle the correct answer) The National Plant Diagnostic Network is responsible for training which of the following volunteer guardians of America's agriculture industry.
  - 1. First Responders
  - 2. First Detectors
  - 3. First Decorators



#### Pre/Post Test (3 of 3)

- 9. Which of the following may not an objective of a trained terrorist?
  - 1. To cause fear and insecurity
  - 2. To make a "political or economic statement"
  - 3. To cause harm to the enemy's infrastructure
  - 4. All of the above may be terrorist objectives
- 10. On a scale of 1 to 10, one being very uneasy and apprehensive, and ten being rock-solid safe and secure, I feel that Florida is well-prepared for a possible bioterror or agroterror event.



#### Test Answer Key (1 of 2)

#### 1. False

- 2. It is instructive to think of bioterror as specific acts directed at individuals, crowds or populations, such as sending anthrax spores through the mail. Agroterror is a general act, intending to sew death, destruction and dismay by indirect means, such as introducing a plant virus that may take years to become destructive to a host industry.
- 3. This is an opinion question and one could argue all sides of the issue.
- 4. Florida is a "sentinel state" because it is uniquely situated by climate and geographic position to host exotic and harmful immigrants.
- 5. *#*5. All are possible targets as well as timber and even pets!
- 6. *#*2. Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness
- 7. The 24/7 toll free telephone number of Florida's Agriculture Law Enforcement office is **1-800-342-5869** and you should call it right away if you suspect any case of or issue with agro- or bio- terrorism.



#### Test Answer Key (2 of 2)

- 8. #2. First Detectors
- 9. *#*4. All of the above may be terrorist objectives
- 10. This too is an opinion question and there is no right or wrong answer. It is entirely personal. However, if you have an idea that you believe will make America stronger or more vigilant without sacrificing our free and democratic way of life, please write that idea on the answer sheet!





#### Glossary

- Agroterrorism: when any person knowingly or maliciously uses biological or chemical agents as weapons against the agriculture industry and food supply. It may also be thought of as the malicious use of plant or animal pathogens to cause disease in the agricultural sector – plants or animals.
- Bioterrorism: The deliberate release of viruses, bacteria, other germs or chemicals to cause illness or death in people, animals, or plants.
- SART: The Florida State Agricultural Response Team. A multi-agency coordinating group consisting of governmental and private entities dedicated to all-hazard disaster preparedness, planning, response and recovery for the animal and agriculture sectors in Florida.
- Terrorist: One who utilizes violence and intimidation systematically to achieve political objectives, while disguised as a civilian non-combatant. The use of a civilian disguise exempts the perpetrator from protection under the Geneva Conventions, and consequently if captured they are liable for prosecution as common criminals.



# Reporting Suspicious Plant and Animal Diseases Cases



Protect Florida agriculture. Report suspicious animal disease cases to the Office of the State Veterinarian. All calls are confidential and toll free. Daytime (8 am -5 pm) 1-877-815-0034 (1-850-410-0900)Or to Office of Bio & Food Security Preparedness 1-850-410-6757 Or 24/7 to Agriculture Law Enforcement 1-800-342-5869 Or SPDN Hub Laboratory (Gainesville) 1-352-392-1795



# Agroterrorism and Bioterrorism Prevention and Response

This concludes our presentation on "The threat of Agroterrorism and Bioterrorism in Florida: Prevention and a Coordinated Response." Thank you for attending and participating.

